Accord.

Chartered Certified Accountants

2022 - 2023 TAX RATES

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| Income Tax | | |
|---------------------------------|---------|---------|
| Allowances | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
| Personal Allowance (PA)* | £12,570 | £12,570 |
| Marriage Allowance [†] | 1,260 | 1,260 |
| Blind Person's Allowance | 2,600 | 2,520 |
| Rent a room relief** | 7,500 | 7,500 |
| Trading Income** | 1,000 | 1,000 |
| Property Income** | 1.000 | 1.000 |

*PA is withdrawn at £1 for every £2 by which 'adjusted income' exceeds £100,000. There is no allowance given above £125.140.

[†]The part of the PA that is transferable to a spouse or civil partner who is not a higher

| **If gross income exceeds this, the limit may be deducted instead of actual expenses. | |
|---|-----|
| Rate bands 2022/23 2021/ | /22 |
| Basic Rate Band (BRB) £37,700 £37,7 | 700 |
| Higher Rate Band (HRB) 37,701 - 150,000 37,701 - 150,0 | 000 |
| Additional rate over 150,000 over 150,0 | 000 |
| Personal Savings Allowance (PSA) | |
| - Basic rate taxpayer 1,000 1,0 | 000 |
| | 500 |
| Dividend Allowance (DA) 2,000 2,0 | 000 |
| BRB and additional rate threshold are increased by personal pension contributions | |

(up to permitted limit) and Gift Aid donations.

0 11 1

Tax rates

| Rates differ for General/Savings/Dividend income 2022/23 | | | | 20 | 21/22 | |
|--|------------|----------|---------------|-----------|----------|-------|
| | G | S | D | G | S | D |
| Basic rate | 20% | 20% | 8.75% | 20% | 20% | 7.5% |
| Higher rate | 40% | 40% | 33.75% | 40% | 40% | 32.5% |
| Additional rate | 45% | | 39.35% | 45% | | 38.1% |
| General income (salary, pensions, business profits, rent) usually uses personal allowance, | | | | | | |
| basis rate and bigher rate bands | hafara aar | inaa ina | anna (maainlu | internet) | Cantainh | |

basic rate and higher rate bands before savings income (mainly interest). Scottish taxpavers are taxed at different rates on general income (see below). To the extent that savings income falls in the first £5,000 of the basic rate band, it is

taxed at nil rather than 20%.

The PSA taxes interest at nil, where it would otherwise be taxable at 20% or 40%. Dividends are normally taxed as the 'top slice' of income. The DA taxes the first £2.000 of dividend income at nil, rather than the rate that would otherwise apply.

| Income tax - Scotland | | 2021/22 | 2020/21 | | |
|--|-----|------------------|------------------|--|--|
| Starter rate | 19% | £2,097 | £2,097 | | |
| Basic rate | 20% | 2,098 - 12,726 | 2,098 - 12,726 | | |
| Intermediate rate | 21% | 12,727 - 31,092 | 12,727 - 31,092 | | |
| Higher rate | 41% | 31,093 - 150,000 | 31,093 - 150,000 | | |
| Top rate | 46% | over 150,000 | 150,000 | | |
| The Scottish rates and bands do not apply for savings and dividend income, which are taxed | | | | | |
| at normal UK rates. The Scottish rates for 2022/23 have not yet been announced. | | | | | |

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High Income Child Benefit Charge (HICBC)

1% of child benefit for each £100 of adjusted net income between £50,000 and £60.000.

| Income Tax (continued) Remittance basis charge | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| For non-UK domiciled individuals who | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
| have been UK resident in at least: | | |
| 7 of the preceding 9 tax years | £30,000 | £30,000 |
| 12 of the preceding 14 tax years | 60.000 | 60.000 |
| 15 of the preceding 20 tax years | Deemed to be | |
| | Decined to be | OK dominioned |
| Pensions Pensions | 2022/22 | 2021/22 |
| Registered Pensions Lifetime Allowance (LA) | 2022/23 £1.073.100 | 2021/22 £1.073.100 |
| Annual Allowance (AA)* | 40.000 | 40.000 |
| Annual relievable pension inputs are the higher of e | | |
| *Usually tapered down, to a minimum of £4,000, wh | | |
| State pension (per week) | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
| Old state pension | £141.85 | £137.60 |
| New state pension† | 185.15 | 179.60 |
| †Applies to those reaching state retirement age af | ter 5 April 2016. | |
| Annual investment limits | | |
| | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
| Individual Savings Account (ISA) | | |
| - Overall limit | £20,000 | £20,000 |
| - Lifetime ISA | 4,000 | 4,000 |
| Junior ISA | 9,000 | 9,000 |
| EIS – 30% relief | 2,000,000 | 2,000,000 |
| Seed EIS (SEIS) – 50% relief | 100,000 | 100,000 |
| Venture Capital Trust (VCT) - 30% relief | 200,000 | 200,000 |
| National Insurance Contribution | ns | |
| Class 1 (Employees) | Employee | Employer |
| Main NIC rate | 13.25% | 15.05% |
| No NIC on first | £190pw | £175pw |
| Main rate charged up to* | £967pw | no limit |
| 2% rate on earnings above | £967pw | N/A |
| Employment allowance per business** | N/A | £4,000 |
| Limpioyment anowance per business. | IN/A | £4,000 |

 Nil rate of employer NIC on earnings up to £967pw for employees aged under 21, apprentices aged under 25 and ex-armed forces personnel in their first twelve months of civilian employment.

**Some businesses do not qualify, including certain sole director companies and employers who have an employer's Class 1 NIC liability of £100,000 or more for 2021/22. Employer contributions (at 15.05%) are also due on most taxable benefits (Class 1A) and on tax paid on an employee's behalf under a PAYE settlement agreement (Class 1B).

National Insurance Contributions (continued)

| Class 2 | (Self-em | ployed |) |
|---------|----------|--------|---|
|---------|----------|--------|---|

| Flat rate per week Small profits threshold | £3.15 £6,725 |
|--|-----------------|
| Class 3 (Voluntary) Class 3: Flat rate per week | £15.85 |
| Class 4 (Self-employed) On profits £9,880 – £50,270 | 10.25% |

On profits over £50,270 Vehicle Benefits

Cars: Taxable benefit: List price of car multiplied by chargeable percentage. 2022/23 2021/22 chargeable percentage

for cars first registered

3 25%

| | Electric | | Pre | Post |
|-------|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|
| CO2 | Range | All Cars | 6.04.2020 | 5.04.2020 |
| g/km | miles | % | % | % |
| 0 | N/A | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| 1-50 | >130 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| 1-50 | 70 -129 | 5 | 5 | 4 |
| 1-50 | 40 - 69 | 8 | 8 | 7 |
| 1-50 | 30 - 39 | 12 | 12 | 11 |
| 1-50 | <30 | 14 | 14 | 13 |
| 51-54 | N/A | 15 | 15 | 14 |

Then a further 1% for each 5g/km CO₂ emissions, up to a maximum of 37%. Diesel cars that are not RDE2 standard suffer a 4% supplement on the above figures but are still capped at 37%.

Vans: Chargeable value of £3,600 (2021/22: £3,500) if private use is more than home-to-work. Zero-emission vans charged at £Nil (2021/22; £Nil).

Fuel

Employer provides fuel for private motoring in an employer-owned: Car: CO₂-based percentage from above table multiplied by £25.300 (2021/22: £24.600).

Van: £688 (2021/22: £669).

Employee contributions do not reduce taxable figure unless all private fuel is paid for by the employee (in which case there is no benefit charge).

Tay free miles as allower ass

| rax-rree mileage allowances | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|
| Employee's own transport | per business mile |
| Cars first 10,000 miles | 45p |
| Cars over 10,000 miles | 25p |
| Business passengers | 5p |
| Motorcycles | 24p |
| Bicycles | 20p |

| Capital Gains Tax | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------|---------|
| Annual exempt amount | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
| Individuals, estates | £12,300 | £12,300 |
| Most trusts | 6,150 | 6,150 |
| Tax rate | | |
| Individual (to basic rate limit)* | 10% | 10% |
| Individual (above basic rate limit)* | 20% | 20% |
| Trusts, estates* | 20% | 20% |

10%

Investors' Relief (IR)** 10% 10% *Individuals are taxed at 18%/28% on gains on residential property and receipts of carried interest. Trusts and estates are taxed at 28% in these circumstances.

**Lifetime limit for qualifying gains: BADR £1m; IR £10m.

Business Asset Disposal Relief (BADR)**

Corporation Tax

| year to | 31.3.2023 | 31.3.2022 |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| Corporation Tax rate | 19% | 19% |
| Research and development relief | | |
| SME enhanced expenditure | | |
| deduction scheme* | 130% | 130% |
| Large company R&D Expenditure | | |
| Credit (RDEC) scheme** | 13% | 13% |
| *Additional deduction for qualifying R&D. | | |

**Taxable expenditure credit for qualifying R&D.

SMEs that make losses can surrender the deduction to HMRC in exchange for a payment of 14.5% of the loss (capped at £20.000 plus 3xPAYE & NIC for periods beginning from 1.4.21).

| Main ca | pical allo | wances | |
|-----------|------------|-------------|----|
| Diant and | machina | ar allowane | 00 |

| Main capital all | owances | | |
|--|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------|
| Plant and machine | | | Rate |
| Expenditure 1.4.21 - | | | |
| Super-deduction (| main pool expenditu | re) | 130% |
| - First-year allowan | | expenditure) | 50% |
| Annual Investment | Allowance (AIA) | | |
| expenditure 1.1.19 | - 31.3.23 of up to | £1,000,000 | 100% |
| New electric vans | | | 100% |
| Writing down allowa | 18% | | |
| Writing down allowa | nce: special rate poo | I (reducing balance) | 6% |
| Motor cars | From 1.4.21 | Pre 31.3.21 | Allowance |
| | CO_2 (q/km) | CO ₂ (q/km) | |

| witting down allowance. | special rate pot | or (reducing balance) | 0.4 |
|-------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| Motor cars | From 1.4.21 | Pre 31.3.21 | Allowance |
| | CO ₂ (g/km) | CO_2 (g/km) | |
| New cars only | Nil | up to 50 | 100% |
| In general pool | up to 50 | up to 110 | 18% |
| In special rate pool | above 50 | above 110 | 6% |
| Structures and buildin | gs allowance | | |

Fixed deduction per annum

10%

Property Taxes

Annual Tax on Enveloped Dwellings (ATED)

ATED applies to 'high value' residential properties owned via a corporate

| structure, urness the property is used for a qualifying purpose. | | | | |
|--|----------------------------|-----------|--|--|
| Property value | Annual charge to 31.3.2023 | 31.3.2022 | | |
| £0.5m – £1m | £3,800 | £3,700 | | |
| £1m – £2m | 7,700 | 7,500 | | |
| £2m - £5m | 26,050 | 25,300 | | |
| £5m - £10m | 60,900 | 59,100 | | |
| £10m - £20m | 122,250 | 118,600 | | |
| Over £20m | 244.750 | 237,400 | | |

Stamp Duty Land Tax (SDLT), Land and Buildings Transaction

Tax (LBTT) and Land Transaction Tax (LTT) from 1 October 2021
The Scottish & Welsh authorities have not announced the rates of LBTT & LTT for 2022/23.

Residential property (1st property only)

| SDLT - Engla | nd & NI | LBTT - Sco | tland | LTT - Wales | |
|--------------|---------|------------|-------|-------------|-------|
| £000 | Rate | £000 | Rate | £000 | Rate |
| Up to 125 | Nil | Up to 145 | Nil | Up to 180 | Nil |
| 125 - 250 | 2% | 145 - 250 | 2% | 180 - 250 | 3.5% |
| 250 - 925 | 5% | 250 - 325 | 5% | 250 - 400 | 5.0% |
| 925 - 1,500 | 10% | 325 - 750 | 10% | 400 - 750 | 7.5% |
| Over 1,500 | 12% | Over 750 | 12% | 750 - 1,500 | 10.0% |
| | | | | Over 1.500 | 12.0% |

A supplement applies for all three taxes where an additional residential property interest is purchased for more than £40,000 (unless replacing a main residence). It is also payable by all corporate purchasers. The rate is 3% (LBTT and LTT: 4%) of the total purchase price. For SDLT:

- First-time buyers purchasing a property of up to £500,000 pay a nil rate on the first £300,000 of the purchase price.
- A 2% supplement applies where the property is bought by certain non-UK residents.
- A rate of 15% may apply to the total purchase price, where the property is valued above £500,000 and purchased by a 'non-natural person' (e.g. a company).
 For LBTT. first-time buver relief increases the nil rate band to £175,000.

Non-residential or mixed use property

| Non-resider | ılıdı ül III | ixeu use prop | Jerty | | |
|--------------|--------------|---------------|-------|-------------|------|
| SDLT - Engla | nd & NI | LBTT - Sco | tland | LTT - Wales | |
| £000 | Rate | £000 | Rate | £000 | Rate |
| Up to 150 | Nil | Up to 150 | Nil | Up to 225 | Nil |
| 150 - 250 | 2% | 150 - 250 | 1% | 225 - 250 | 1% |
| Over 250 | 5% | Over 250 | 5% | 250 - 1,000 | 5% |
| | | | | Over 1,000 | 6% |

Value Added Tax

Standard rate (1/6 of VAT-inclusive price)

Tourism and hospitality sector 1.10.21 to 31.3.22 Registration level from 1.4.2017

Deregistration level from 1.4.2017

£85,000 per annum 83.000 per annum

20.0%

12.5%

Inheritance Tax

| Nil rate band (NRB)* NRB Residential enhancement (RNRB)†* | 2022/23 £325,000 175.000 | 2021/22 £325,000 175,000 |
|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Tax rate on death** | 40% | 40% |
| Tay rate on lifetime transfers to most trusts | 20% | 20% |

*Up to 100% of the proportion of a deceased spouse's/civil partner's unused NRB and RNRB band may increment the prevailing NRB and RNRB when the survivor dies.

†RNRB is available for transfers of a main residence to (broadly) direct descendants.

It tapers away at the rate of £1 for every £2 of estate value above £2m.

**Rate reduced to 36% if at least 10% of the relevant estate is left to charity. Unlimited exemption for transfers between spouses/civil partners, except if UK domiciled transferor and foreign domiciled transferee, where maximum exemption £325,000.

100% Business Property Relief for shareholdings in qualifying unquoted trading companies, qualifying unincorporated businesses and certain farmland/buildings.

Reduced tax charge on gifts within 7 years before death

Years before death 0-3 3-4 % of full death tax charge payable

4-5 5-6 6-7 100 80 60 40 20

Annual exemptions for lifetime gifts include £3,000 per donor and £250 per recipient.

Key dates and deadlines

| incy duces and deduct | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| Payment dates - Self asse | 2022/23 | 2021/22 | |
| 1st payment on account | 31 January | 2023 | 2022 |
| 2nd payment on account | 31 July | 2023 | 2022 |
| Balancing payment | 31 January | 2024 | 2023 |
| Capital Gains Tax* | 31 January | 2024 | 2023 |
| *UK residential property: CGT due | within 60 days of c | ompletion. For nor | n-UK residents, |

this applies for all UK land and buildings.

Other navment dates

| Class 1A NIC | 19 July | 2023 | 2022 |
|--------------|------------|------|------|
| Class 1B NIC | 19 October | 2023 | 2022 |

Corporation tax is due 9 months and 1 day from the end of the accounting period, unless a 'large' company paying by quarterly instalments.

2021/22 Filing deadlines

| Issue P60s to employees P11D, P11D(b) | 31 May 6 July | 2022 2022 |
|--|---------------------------|--------------|
| Self Assessment Tax Return (SATR) paper version Online SATR if outstanding tax | 31 October | 2022 |
| to be included in 2023/24 PAYE code Online SATR | 30 December 31 January | 2022 2023 |

A CGT return is due within 60 days of completion of sale of UK land and buildings by a non-resident and of sale of UK residential property with a tax liability by a UK resident.

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- Shareholders
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- Tax planning
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